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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/926,519	11/30/2001	Etienne Degand	4004-025-30	6858	
75	90 04/24/2003				
Patent Prosecution Services Piper Marbury Rudnick & Wolfe 1200 Nineteenth Street NW			EXAMINER JEFFERY, JOHN A		
			3742	1.2	
			DATE MAILED: 04/24/2003	1∝	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicat	Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/926,5	519	0	DEGAND ET AL.				
		Examine	er .	A	art Unit				
		John A.	leffery	3	742				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MOI - If the period for received for received for reply we have reply received.	ED STATUTORY PERIOD F B DATE OF THIS COMMUNI The may be available under the provisions NTHS from the mailing date of this comme pely specified above is less than thirty (3 eply is specified above, the maximum statistic in the set or extended period for reply that by the Office later than three months at m adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no enunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a r atutory minimum of thir will expire SIX (6) MON plication to become AB	reply be timely ty (30) days wi ITHS from the BANDONED (filed ill be considered timel mailing date of this co 35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.			
	nsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 24 February 2	<u>2003</u> .		•				
<u>'</u>	•	2b)⊠ This action is							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of C	laims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8 and 11-17</u> is/are pending	g in the application.							
4a) Of th	ne above claim(s) is/a	re withdrawn from co	onsideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8 and 11-17</u> is/are rejected.									
) is/are objected to.								
) are subject to restric	ction and/or election	requirement.						
Application Pape		- Evereiro							
· ·	cification is objected to by the		7	h - -					
•	ving(s) filed on is/are:		-						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
	or declaration is objected to	•	omoo dodom.						
•	i U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,				
-	rledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C.	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)				
•)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	nor loreign priority a		3 110(0) (u				
· <u>-</u>	Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	en received						
_				onlication	No				
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
	edgment is made of a claim f				(to a provisiona	application).			
a) 🔲 The	e translation of the foreign lar edgment is made of a claim	nguage provisional a	pplication has b	een receiv	ved.	,			
Attachment(s)		and a more priority		JU - 20 G					
1) Notice of Refer 2) Notice of Drafts	ences Cited (PTO-892) person's Patent Drawing Review (F closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) P				PTO-413) Paper No ent Application (PT	· · · ———			

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

All claim numbers referred to in the specification (p. 4, lines 2, 6, etc.) must be deleted as the scope and content of the claims could change throughout prosecution. The examiner acknowledges Applicant's request to hold the correction in abeyance. However, to expedite prosecution, Applicant must make the changes in response to this action. Appropriate correction is required.

Statutory Text Omitted

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 8 and 11-14, and 16 are rejected under 35 USC 102(b) as being anticipated by DE3708577. DE3708577 discloses a heated windshield with a plurality of uncoated regions 8 surrounded by an electrically heated coating 6. Because the uncoated regions are devoid of any metallic material (that would potentially shield electromagnetic radiation), the uncoated regions would inherently permit the passage of electromagnetic signals (i.e., data) therethrough. According to the abstract, such a

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pattern permits "adequate transmission...as well as adequate reflection of infra-red radiation." Thus, the coating functions as an electrically heatable "solar control" coating. Note also the abstract which characterizes the coating as "electrically conducting" and "heat reflective." Regarding the disposition of the "data transmission window" "adjacent" the top or bottom edge of the glazing panel, the scope and breadth of the term "adjacent" did not preclude the relative proximity of the uncoated regions to the panel edges of DE3708577.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 8, 11-14, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over FR2737075 in view of EP378917. FR2737075 discloses a plurality of "data transmission windows" in Fig. 1 of FR2737075 which are the uncoated regions between coated strips 4. Because the uncoated regions are devoid of any metallic material (that would potentially shield electromagnetic radiation) as best seen in Fig. 4, the uncoated regions would inherently permit the passage of electromagnetic signals (i.e., data) therethrough. The claims differ from the previously cited prior art in calling for the heater coating to be a solar control layer. Although FR '075 does not expressly state the heater coating is a solar control coating, the use of such coatings as electric heater coatings for heating windshields is conventional and well known in the art as evidenced by EP378917 noting P. 2, lines 15-47. Also, Applicant admits on Page 1, lines 23-35 of the instant specification that electric heating layers with solar control properties are well known in the art to reduce overheating of the vehicle interior in

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summer. In view of EP378917, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use an electric heater layer with solar control properties as the heater layer in FR '075 so that some of the incident solar radiation was reflected by the heater layer thus reducing the solar radiation to the vehicle interior.

Claims 15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over FR2737075 in view of EP378917 and further in view of Sperbeck (US5354966), or, alternatively, DE3708577 in view of Sperbeck (US5354966). The claims differ from the previously cited prior art in calling for even heat dissipation. Controlling an electric heater in a windshield to uniformly heat the same is conventional and well known in the art as evidenced by Sperbeck (US5354966) noting col. 1, line 55 - col. 2, line 12 where the problem of uniformly heating an electrically heated window is discussed--namely either (1) increasing the power applied to the bus bars, or (2) simply accepting the fact that a portion of the window may not be defogged. In view of Sperbeck (US5354966), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to uniformly heat the windshield of the previously described apparatus so that in order to ensure all portions of the windshield were equally defogged thereby improving safety.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

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Other Pertinent Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The art should be both separately considered and considered in conjunction with the previously cited prior art when responding to this action. US 436, US 572, US 780 disclose communications systems for vehicles that transmit and receive data through the windshield.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John A. Jeffery at telephone number (703) 306-4601 or fax (703) 305-3463. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:00 AM to 4:30 PM EST. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are:

Before Final (703) 872-9302

After Final (703) 872-9303

Customer Service (703) 872-9301

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0861.

JOHN A. JEFFERY PRIMARY EXAMINER

4/18/03